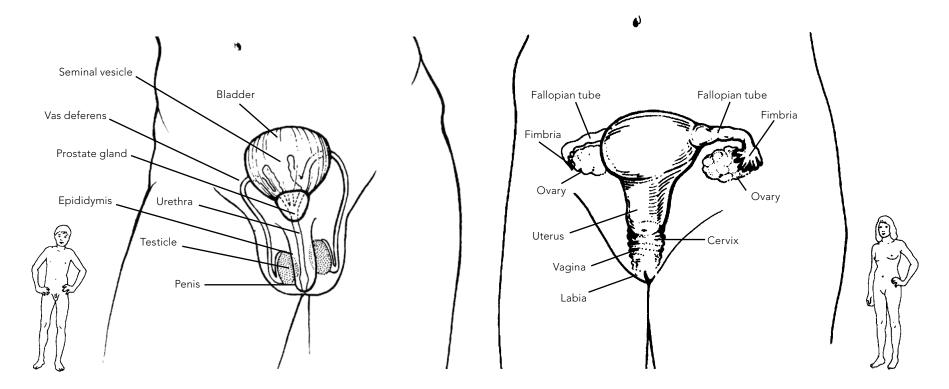
BRINGING THE BIOLOGY TOGETHER

How and Where Does It Happen? Female and Male Bodies in Summary.



PROCESS AND PATH OF EJACULATION

- Millions of sperm are born and mature in the testes, and are then stored in the epididymis.
- When ejaculation starts, the sperm are ejected from the epididymis through the tube called the vas deferens, and move into the body near the bladder.
- As the sperm from each teste converge at the urethra inside the prostate, fluid is added from several glands including the seminal vesicles and prostate, making semen.
- 4. The semen is expelled from the urethral opening in the head of the penis.

THE PROCESS OF FERTILIZATION (PREGNANCY)

- 1. As in steps one and two of ovulation, a mature ovum is released from an ovary, is swept by the fimbria into a fallopian tube, and moves slowly toward the uterus.
- When semen is ejaculated into the vagina, the sperm immediately begin swimming actively up through the cervix, through the length of the uterus, and into both fallopian tubes.
- 3. One sperm is received by the ovum; within seconds, the genetic material from mother and father combine, creating a genetic blueprint for the physical body of a unique human being.
- 4. The cells of the newly fertilized egg begin to divide rapidly while continuing down the fallopian tube.
- 5. In the uterus, the tiny multicellular embryo—still roughly the size of the original ovum—implants into the uterine wall.
- Fetal growth begins; soon, the placenta forms to provide nutrients through the umbilical cord to the rapidly growing and maturing fetus.

PROCESS AND PATH OF OVULATION WITHOUT PREGNANCY

- 1. The woman's ova develop before birth and are stored in the ovaries; after puberty, one mature ovum is released from one ovary per menstrual cycle.
- 2. When released, the mature ovum is swept by the fimbria into a fallopian tube; it moves for several days toward the uterus, which has developed a richer lining to receive a fertilized ovum.
- The unfertilized ovum is discharged in the woman's period through the cervix and vagina, along with extra blood and tissue of the uterine lining.